	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan.
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high.
		Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.
Buzzer beeps continuously	Fault code 03	The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.
and red LED is	Fault code 04	The battery voltage is too low.	Connect with PV or utility power to charger, the problem will be solved.
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.
	Fault code 06	Output voltage too high	Return to repair center.
	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.

If any unlisted abnormal situations occur, please call the service people for professional examination.

7. Specifications

MODEL	1200VA	2400VA	
CAPACITY	720W	1440 W	
INPUT			
Voltage	230	VAC	
Voltage Range	170-280 VAC 90-280 VAC	(UPS mode) (INV. Mode)	
ОИТРИТ			
Voltage Regulation (Battery Mode)	+/-1	10%	
Transfer Time	20 ms	typical	
Waveform	Simulated Sine Wave		
BATTERY			
Battery Voltage	12 VDC	24 VDC	
Floating Charge Voltage	13.5 VDC ±0.25 VDC	27.0 VDC ±0.5 VDC	
Maximum Charge Current	10A or 20A		
SOLAR CHARGER			
Charging Current	50 A		
System Voltage	12 VDC	24 VDC	
Operating Voltage Range	15~18 VDC	30~32 VDC	
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	45 VDC	55 VDC	
PHYSICAL			
Dimension(mm)	290 X 23	5 X 88	
Net Weight (kg)	2.6	2.8	

User Manual

Off Grid Solar Inverter 1200VA / 2400VA



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1. Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the solar inverter. This solar inverter is designed to power your home appliances or precious 3C electronics. With built-in solar charger, it can convert solar power to battery power and provide continuous power to connected equipment during night time.



2. Important Safety Warning (SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS)

Before using the inverter, please read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, this manual and the batteries.

General Precaution-

CAUTION! The unit is designed for indoor use. Do not expose this unit to rain, snow or liquids of any type.

CAUTION! To reduce risk of injury, only use qualified batteries from qualified distributors or manufacturers.

Any unqualified batteries may cause damage and injury. Do NOT use old or overdue batteries. Please check the battery type and date code before installation to avoid damage and injury.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate external battery cable. To reduce risk of injury, external battery cables should be UL certified and rated for 75°C or higher. And do not use copper cables less than 8AWG.

CAUTION! Do not disassemble the inverter. Contact with the qualified service center when service is needed.

WARNING! Provide ventilation to outdoors from the battery compartment. The battery enclosure should be designed to prevent accumulation and concentration of hydrogen gas at the top of the compartment.

CAUTION! Use insulated tools to reduce the chance of short-circuit when installing or working with the inverter,

CAUTION! For battery installation and maintenance, read the battery manufacturer's installation and maintenance instructions prior to operating.

Personnel Precaution -

CAUTION! Careful to reduce the risk or dropping a metal tool on the batteries. It could spark or short circuit the batteries and could cause an explosion.

CAUTION! Remove personal metal items such as rings, bracelets, necklaces, and watches when working with batteries. Batteries can produce a short circuit current high enough to make metal melt, and could cause severe hums.

CAUTION! Avoid touching eyes while working near batteries.

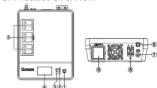
the batteries, or other equipment attached to this unit.

CAUTION! Have plenty of fresh water and soap nearby in case battery acid contacts skin, clothing, or eyes. **CAUTION!** NEVER smoke or allow a spark or flame in vicinity of a battery.

CAUTION! If a remote or automatic generator start system is used, disable the automatic starting circuit or disconnect the generator to prevent accident during servicing.

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3. Product Overview



- 1. Power switch
- 2. Function buttons
- 3. Status indicators (please see the
- Operation section for the details)
- 4. LCD display
- Output receptacles
- 6. AC input
- 7. Input circuit breaker
- 8. Solar panel connectors
- 9. Battery connectors

Consumer 15 c

4. Installation

NOTE: Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged.

4.1 Mounting the unit

The unit ONLY can be mounted vertically to a wall surface. Please follow below steps:

- 1. Turn off the unit before mounting.
- 2. Select an appropriate mounting location. Use a horizontal line and the length of the line must be 140mm and mark the two ends on the wall. (see right chart)
- 3. Drill two marks by screws.
- 4. Mount the unit by positioning the key-hole slots over the mounting screws.

4.2 Connect External Battery

Step 1- Take away the cover of external battery terminal.

Step 2- Following battery polarity guide printed near the battery terminal! Place the external battery cable ring terminal over the battery terminal. RED cable to the positive terminal (+);

BLACK cable to the negative terminal (-).

WARNING! Please use the appropriate battery cable. Please refer to Important Safety Warnings Section for the details.

Step 3- Tight the battery cables with the M5 nuts. Do NOT place anything between the flat part of battery terminal and the battery cable ring terminal, or overheating may occur.



Step 4- Install a DC Breaker in a positive battery line. The rating of the DC Breaker must be according to the inverter's battery current (75 Amp). Keep the DC breaker off.

Step 5- Connect battery cables to the external batteries. Note: For the user operation safety, we strongly recommend that you should use tapes to isolate the battery terminals before you start to operate the unit.

1) Single battery connection: When using a single battery, its voltage must be equal to the Nominal DC Voltage of the unit.

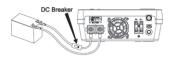
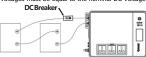


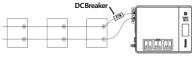
Table 1

Model	Nominal Battery DC Voltage
1200VA	12 VDC
2400VA	24 VDC

2) Multiple batteries in series connection: All batteries must be equal in voltage and amp hour capacity. The sum of their voltages must be equal to the nominal DC Voltage of the unit.



Multiple batteries in parallel connection: Each battery's voltage must be equal to the Nominal DC Voltage of the unit.



Step 6- Make sure to connect the polarity of battery side and the unit correctly.

Positive pole (Red) of battery to the positive terminal (+) of the unit. Negative pole (Black) of battery to the negative terminal (-) of the unit.

- Step 7- Put the covers back to the external battery terminals.
- Step 8- Take the DC breaker on.

4.2 Connect to Solar Panel

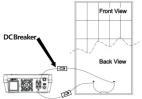
CAUTION: Before connecting to PV modules, please install separately a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Typical Amperage	Gauge	Torque Value
50A	8 AWG	1.4~1.6 Nm

- Step 1- Connect one cable to the positive (+) pole of solar panel and solar charger positive (+) terminal.
- Step 2- Connect the other cable to the negative (-) pole of solar panel and solar charger negative (-) terminal.



Solar Panel Connection

PV Module Selection:

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below requirements first:

1. Open Circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.

INVERTER MODEL	1200VA	2400VA
Charging Current (PWM)	504	mp
System DC Voltage	12Vdc	24Vdc
Operating Voltage Range	15~18Vdc	30~32Vdc
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	45Vdc	55Vdc

Max. Power Voltage (Vmp) of PV modules should be close to best Vmp of inverter or within Vmp range to get best performance. If one PV module cannot meet this requirement, it's necessary to have several PV modules in series connection. Refer to below table.

Model	Best Vmp	Vmp Range	
1200VA	15Vdc	15V~18V	
2400VA	30Vdc	30V~32V	

Note: * Vmp: panel max power point voltage.

The PV charging efficiency is maximized while PV system voltage is close to Best Vmp.

Maximum PV module numbers in Series: Vmp of PV module * X pcs ≒ Best Vmp of Inverter or Vmp

PV module numbers in Parallel: Max. charging current of inverter / Imp

Total PV module numbers = maximum PV module numbers in series * PV module numbers in parallel

Take 1200VA inverter as an example to select proper PV modules. After considering Voc of PV module not exceeds 45Vdc and max. Vmp of PV module close to 15Vdc or within 15Vdc \sim 18Vdc, we can choose PV module with below specification.

Maximum Power (Pmax) 85W		Max. PV module numbers in series			
Max. Power Voltage Vmp(V) 17.6V		1 🕏 17.6 x 1 ≒ 15 ~ 18			
Max. Power Current Imp(A)	4.83A	PV module numbers in parallel			
Open Circuit Voltage Voc(V)	21.6V	10 ♥ 50 A / 4.83			
Short Circuit Current Isc(A)	5.03A	Total PV module numbers			
1		1 v 10 = 10			

Maximum PV module numbers in Series: 1

PV module numbers in Parallel: 10

Total PV module numbers: $1 \times 10 = 10$

Take 2400VA inverter as an example to select proper PV module. After considering Voc of PV module not exceed 55Vdc and max. Vmp of PV module close to 30Vdc or within 30Vdc ~ 32Vdc, we can choose PV module with below specification.

Maximum Power (Pmax)	260W	Max. PV module numbers in series		
Max. Power Voltage Vmp(V)	30.9V	1 to 30.9 x 1 ≒ 30 ~ 32		
Max. Power Current Imp(A)	8.42A	PV module numbers in parallel		
Open Circuit Voltage Voc(V)	37.7V	6 ℃ 50 A / 8.42		
Short Circuit Current Isc(A)	8.89A	Total PV module numbers		
		1 x 6 = 6		

Maximum PV module numbers in Series: 1

PV module numbers in Parallel: 6

Total PV module numbers: 1 x 6 = 6

4.3 Connect to Utility and Charge

CAUTION!Plug in the AC input cord to the wall outlet. The unit will automatically charge the connected external battery even though the unit is off.

5. Operation

5.1 Power On/Off

Once the inverter has been properly installed, press the power switch to turn on the unit. The unit will work automatically in line mode or inverter mode according to input utility power's status. When press the power switch again, the unit will be turned off.

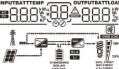
5.2 LED Indicators & Audible Alarms

There are three indicators (Green/Green/Red) in the front panel of the unit.

	LED Indicator			Messages
	* AC/ * ¥INV	Green	Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
	AC ACINV		Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
	▼ CHG Green	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.	
	₩ Unu	Green	Flashing	Battery is charging.
	⚠ FAULT Red	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.	
		Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.	

Buzzer Audible Alarm	Messages
Inverter Mode (Low-battery Voltage)	Buzzing every 1 seconds
110% overload warning	Buzzing every 0.5 second
Overcharge	Buzzing continuously
Fault mode	Buzzing continuously for 1 minute, unit shutdown (BAT- MODE) Buzzing continuously (Line mode)

5.3 LCD Display



	SOLDSY MEL-INDET
Display	Function
Input source informa	ation
AC	Indicates the AC input
PV	Indicates the PV input
888	Indicates input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charging current, battery voltage, main board firmware version
Configuration Progra	m and Fault Information
88	Indicates the setting programs.
<u>88</u> 4	Indicates the warning and fault codes. Warning: Blashing with warning code Fault: Blashing with fault code
Output Information	
OUTPUTBATTLOAD	Indicates the output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt, main board firmware version

Battery Information Indicates the Battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode, charging status in line mode.

In AC mode, it will present battery charging status.

Status	Battery voltage	LCD Display
	< 11Vdc/pcs	4 bars will flash in turns.
Constant	11Vdc ~ 11.5Vdc/pcs	Bottom bar will be on and the other three bars will flash in turns.
Current mode / Constant Voltage mode	11.5Vdc ~ 12.5Vdc/pcs	Bottom two bars will be on and the other two bars will flash in turns.
	> 12.5Vdc/pcs	Bottom three bars will be on and the top bar will flash.
Floating mode. Batteries are fully charged.		4 bars will be on.

In battery mode, it w	ıll present				
Battery Voltage LCD Display		<u>/</u>			
< 11Vdc/pcs					
11.0Vdc ~ 11.5Vdc/	pcs				
11.5Vdc ~ 12.5Vdc/	pcs				
> 12.5Vdc/pcs					
Load Information					
OVERLOAD	Indicates overload.				
	Indicates	the load level	by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50	0-74%, and 75-100%	0.
≥ 100%	0%~24%		25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%
25%		[]	[,]	[;]	7
17		1/	LV	ly ly	ly .
Mode operation infor	mation	·			
*	Indicates unit connects to the mains.				
	Indicates unit connects to the PV panel				
BYPASS	Indicates load is supplied by utility power.				
/	Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.				
==/	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.				

5.4 LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP/DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Setting Programs:

L	Program	Description	Setting Option	
	01	Output source priority: To configure load power source priority	Solar first	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy is not available - Battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
			Utility first (default)	Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available.
			SBU priority	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
	02	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)		50A, 10A~70A Settable 50A, 10A~70A Settable

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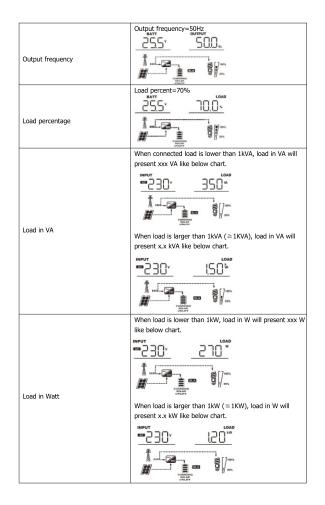
		If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90~280VAC		
03	AC input voltage range	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170~280VAC		
OF.	Dathers & and	OS ACI. Plooded OS FLd		
05	Battery type	User-Defined If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 19, 20 and 21.		
06	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default) Restart enable Restart enable Restart enable		
09	Output frequency	50Hz (default) 60Hz 09 60		
11	Maximum utility charging current	24V model: default 20A, 10A~20A Settable 12V model: default 20A, 10A~20A Settable		
12	Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	Default 11.5V, 11.0V~12.8V Settable (This is unit voltage for 12V battery. For 24V system, total voltage*2)		
13	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	Default 13.5V, 12.0V~14.0V Settable (This is unit voltage for 12V battery. For 24V system, total voltage*2)		

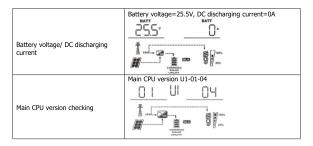
		If this off grid solar inverter is working in Line, Standby or Fault mode, charger source can be programmed as below:
	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority	Solar first Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available.
		Utility first Utility will charge battery as first priority. Solar energy will charge battery only when utility power is not available.
14		Solar and Utility Solar energy and utility will both charge battery.
		Only Solar Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not.
		If this off grid solar inverter is working in Battery mode, only solar energy can charge battery. Solar energy will charge battery if it's available and sufficient.
15	Alarm control	Alarm on (default) IS BON IS BOF
16	Backlight control	Backlight on (default) Backlight off Backlight off Backlight off Backlight off
17	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	Alarm on (default) Alarm off Al
19	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage). If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up	Default 14.1V, 12.0V~14.6V Settable (This is unit voltage for 12V battery. For 24V system, total voltage*2)
20	Floating charging voltage. If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up	PLU 20 13.5v Default 13.5v, 12.0v~14.6V Settable (This is unit voltage for 12V battery. For 24V system, total voltage*2)
21	Low DC cut-off voltage. If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up	Default 9.9V, 10V~12V Settable (This is unit voltage for 12V battery. For 24V system, total voltage*2)

5.5 Display Setting

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP/DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charging current, battery voltage, output voltage, output voltage, output voltage, load in Watt, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version.

Setting Information	LCD display
Input voltage/Output voltage (Default Display Screen)	Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V
Input frequency	Input frequency=50Hz
PV voltage	PV voltage=30V
Charging current (if PV normal)	Current = 50A
PWM charging power	PWM charging power=500W
Battery voltage/ Output voltage	Battery voltage=25.5V, Output voltage=230V





Operation Mode	Description	LCD Display	
Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by utility and PV energy. Charging by PV energy. Charging by PV energy. Charging by Utility. Charging by utility.	
Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.	Power from battery and PV energy. Solution Solutio	

5.7 Fault Reference Code

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon On
01	Fan is locked when inverter is off.	0
02	Over temperature	[D2]_
03	Battery voltage is too high	 E0
04	Battery voltage is too low	[14]
05	Output short circuited or over temperature is detected by internal converter components.	(DS)
06	Output voltage is abnormal.	
07	Overload time out	[]_

5.8 Warning Indicator

Warning Code	Warning Event	Icon Flashing
10	Low Battry	[10]^
11	Overload	[] △ [] NOV.
		OVERLOAD
12	PV temperature too high	[1 <u>2</u>]
54	Solar charger stops due to high PV voltage	<u>54</u> ^
58	Output voltage is too low	<u>58</u> ^

6. Trouble ShootingUse the table below to solve minor problems.

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do
When power fails,	Battery low alarm	Battery voltage is too low.	Charge the unit at least 8 hours.
the backup time is shorten.	issue quickly.	Battery capacity is not full even after charge the unit for at least 8 hours.	Check the date code of the battery. If the batteries are too old, replace the batteries.
	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.			Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long. Check if generator (if
	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS A Appliance)
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.
No LED display on the front panel when the utility	No LED display.	Battery is not connected well.	Check the external battery cable and terminal. Make sure all the battery connections to the unit are all correct.
power is normal.	No ELD display.	Battery defect.	Replace the batteries.

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